



# COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AIR QUALITY PROGRAM

# STATE ONLY NATURAL MINOR OPERATING PERMIT

Issue Date: November 4, 2025 Effective Date: December 1, 2025

Expiration Date: November 30, 2030

In accordance with the provisions of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Act of January 8, 1960, P.L. 2119, as amended, and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, the Owner, [and Operator if noted] (hereinafter referred to as permittee) identified below is authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) to operate the air emission source(s) more fully described in this permit. This Facility is subject to all terms and conditions specified in this permit. Nothing in this permit relieves the permittee from its obligations to comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

The regulatory or statutory authority for each permit condition is set forth in brackets. All terms and conditions in this permit are federally enforceable unless otherwise designated.

# State Only Permit No: 01-05022

Natural Minor

Federal Tax Id - Plant Code: 23-1324775-4

	Owner Information			
Name: KNOUSE FOODS COOP INC				
Mailing Address: 800 PEACH GLEN IDAVILLE RE				
PEACH GLEN, PA 17375-0001				
	Plant Information			
Plant: KNOUSE FOODS COOP INC/ORRTANN	IA HAMILTONBAN TWP			
Location: 01 Adams County	01918 Hamiltonban Township			
SIC Code: 2033 Manufacturing - Canned Fruits And	d Vegetables			
	Responsible Official			
Name: CURIE BUSSARD				
Title: MGR ENV AFFAIRS				
Phone: (717) 677 - 8181 Ext.1281	Email: curie.bussard@knouse.com			
Permit Contact Person				
Name: CURIE BUSSARD				
Title: MGR ENV AFFAIRS				
Phone: (717) 677 - 8181 Ext.1281	Email: curie.bussard@knouse.com			
[Signature]				
WILLIAM R. WEAVER, SOUTHCENTRAL REGION AIR PROGRAM MANAGER				



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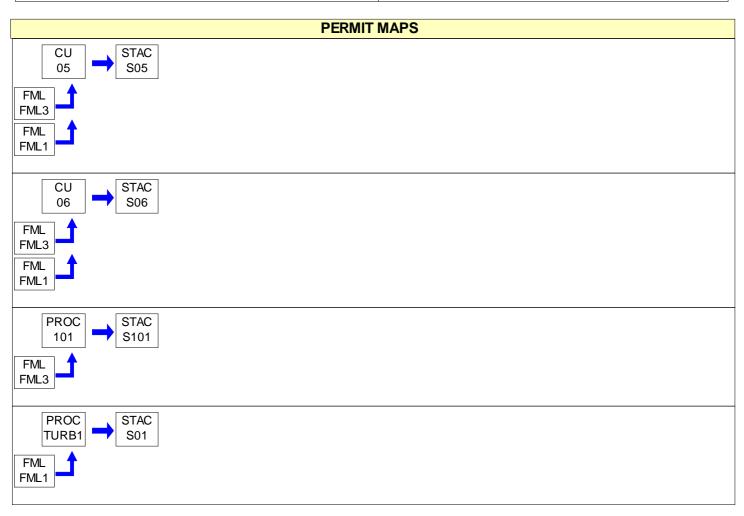






# SECTION A. Site Inventory List

Source	ID Source Name	Capacity	Throughput	Fuel/Material	
05	BOILER 5 (2005)	29.500	MMBTU/HR		
06	BOILER 6 (2018)	31.200	MMBTU/HR		
		226.087	Gal/HR	#2 Oil	
		30.588	MCF/HR	Natural Gas	
101	EMERGENCY FIRE PUMP	17.600	Gal/HR	DIESEL FUEL	
TURB1	TURBINE 1	14,105.000	CF/HR	Natural Gas	
FML1	NATURAL GAS PIPELINE				
FML3	DIESEL FUEL TANK				
S01	TURBINE STACK				
S05	BOILER 5 STACK				
S06	BOILER 6 STACK				
S101	EMERGENCY FIRE PUMP STACK				









#### #001 [25 Pa. Code § 121.1]

#### Definitions.

Words and terms that are not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4003) and in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.

#### #002 [25 Pa. Code § 127.446]

# **Operating Permit Duration.**

- (a) This operating permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on Page 1 of this permit.
- (b) The terms and conditions of the expired permit shall automatically continue pending issuance of a new operating permit, provided the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application and paid applicable fees required under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue or deny a new permit before the expiration of the previous permit.

#### #003 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.412, 127.413, 127.414, 127.446 & 127.703(b)]

#### Permit Renewal.

- (a) The permittee shall submit a timely and complete application for renewal of the operating permit to the appropriate Regional Air Program Manager. The application for renewal of the operating permit shall be submitted at least six (6) months and not more than 18 months before the expiration date of this permit.
- (b) The application for permit renewal shall include the current permit number, a description of any permit revisions that occurred during the permit term, and any applicable requirements that were promulgated and not incorporated into the permit during the permit term. An application is complete if it contains sufficient information to begin processing the application, has the applicable sections completed and has been signed by a responsible official.
- (c) The permittee shall submit with the renewal application a fee for the processing of the application as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(b). The fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" and submitted with the fee form to the respective regional office.
- (d) The renewal application shall also include submission of proof that the local municipality and county, in which the facility is located, have been notified in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.413.
- (e) The application for renewal of the operating permit shall also include submission of supplemental compliance review forms in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 127.412(b) and § 127.412(j).
- (f) The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the permittee submits a complete application, but prior to the date the Department takes action on the permit application.

#### #004 [25 Pa. Code § 127.703]

### Operating Permit Fees under Subchapter I.

- (a) The permittee shall pay the annual operating permit maintenance fee according to the following fee schedule in either paragraph (1) or (2) in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(d) on or before December 31 of each year for the next calendar year.
  - (1) For a synthetic minor facility, a fee equal to:
    - (i) Four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for calendar years 2021—2025.
    - (ii) Five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for calendar years 2026—2030.
    - (iii) Six thousand three hundred dollars (\$6,300) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.
- (2) For a facility that is not a synthetic minor, a fee equal to:



- (i) Two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for calendar years 2021—2025.
- (ii) Two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for calendar years 2026—2030.
- (iii) Three thousand one hundred dollars (\$3,100) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.
- (b) The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office.

# #005 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450 (a)(4) and 127.464]

# **Transfer of Operating Permits.**

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- (a) This operating permit may not be transferred to another person, except in cases of transfer-of-ownership that are documented and approved by the Department.
- (b) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)(4), a change in ownership of the source shall be treated as an administrative amendment if the Department determines that no other change in the permit is required and a written agreement has been submitted to the Department identifying the specific date of the transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and the new permittee and a compliance review form has been submitted to, and the permit transfer has been approved by, the Department.
- (c) This operating permit is valid only for those specific sources and the specific source locations described in this permit.

# #006 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441 and 35 P.S. § 4008]

# Inspection and Entry.

- (a) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow the Department or authorized representatives of the Department to perform the following:
- (1) Enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - (2) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) Inspect at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (4) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, any substances or parameters, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements as authorized by the Clean Air Act, the Air Pollution Control Act, or the regulations promulgated under the Acts.
- (b) Pursuant to 35 P.S. § 4008, no person shall hinder, obstruct, prevent or interfere with the Department or its personnel in the performance of any duty authorized under the Air Pollution Control Act or regulations adopted thereunder including denying the Department access to a source at this facility. Refusal of entry or access may constitute grounds for permit revocation and assessment of criminal and/or civil penalties.
- (c) Nothing in this permit condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the permittee in accordance with Section 114 or other applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act.

# #007 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441 & 127.444]

# Compliance Requirements.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the conditions of this operating permit. Noncompliance with this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for one or more of the following:
  - (1) Enforcement action





- (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance or modification
- (3) Denial of a permit renewal application
- (b) A person may not cause or permit the operation of a source which is subject to 25 Pa. Code Article III unless the source(s) and air cleaning devices identified in the application for the plan approval and operating permit and the plan approval issued for the source is operated and maintained in accordance with specifications in the applications and the conditions in the plan approval and operating permit issued by the Department. A person may not cause or permit the operation of an air contamination source subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 in a manner inconsistent with good operating practices.
- (c) For purposes of Sub-condition (b) of this permit condition, the specifications in applications for plan approvals and operating permits are the physical configurations and engineering design details which the Department determines are essential for the permittee's compliance with the applicable requirements in this State-Only permit. Nothing in this sub-condition shall be construed to create an independent affirmative duty upon the permittee to obtain a predetermination from the Department for physical configuration or engineering design detail changes made by the permittee.

### #008 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

### Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.

It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it was necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

# #009 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.442(a) & 127.461]

# **Duty to Provide Information.**

- (a) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of each source at the facility.
- (b) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, in writing, information that the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department copies of records that the permittee is required to maintain in accordance with this permit.

# #010 [25 Pa. Code § 127.461]

### Revising an Operating Permit for Cause.

This operating permit may be terminated, modified, suspended or revoked and reissued if one or more of the following applies:

- (1) The permittee constructs or operates the source subject to the operating permit so that it is in violation of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, a plan approval, a permit or in a manner that causes air pollution.
- (2) The permittee fails to properly or adequately maintain or repair an air pollution control device or equipment attached to or otherwise made a part of the source.
- (3) The permittee has failed to submit a report required by the operating permit or an applicable regulation.
- (4) The EPA determines that the permit is not in compliance with the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder.

# #011 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450, 127.462, 127.465 & 127.703]

#### **Operating Permit Modifications**

- (a) The permittee is authorized to make administrative amendments, minor operating permit modifications and significant operating permit modifications, under this permit, as outlined below:
- (b) Administrative Amendments. The permittee shall submit the application for administrative operating permit amendments (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)), according to procedures specified in § 127.450 unless





precluded by the Clean Air Act or its regulations.

- (c) Minor Operating Permit Modifications. The permittee shall submit the application for minor operating permit modifications (as defined 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.462.
- (d) Significant Operating Permit Modifications. The permittee shall submit the application for significant operating permit modifications in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.465.
- (e) The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office.

#### #012 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

#### Severability Clause.

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, such a determination will not affect the remaining provisions of this permit.

#### #013 [25 Pa. Code § 127.449]

#### De Minimis Emission Increases.

- (a) This permit authorizes de minimis emission increases in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.449 so long as the permittee provides the Department with seven (7) days prior written notice before commencing any de minimis emissions increase. The written notice shall:
  - (1) Identify and describe the pollutants that will be emitted as a result of the de minimis emissions increase.
- (2) Provide emission rates expressed in tons per year and in terms necessary to establish compliance consistent with any applicable requirement.
- (b) The Department may disapprove or condition de minimis emission increases at any time.
- (c) Except as provided below in (d), the permittee is authorized to make de minimis emission increases (expressed in tons per year) up to the following amounts without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification:
- (1) Four tons of carbon monoxide from a single source during the term of the permit and 20 tons of carbon monoxide at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (2) One ton of NOx from a single source during the term of the permit and 5 tons of NOx at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (3) One and six-tenths tons of the oxides of sulfur from a single source during the term of the permit and 8.0 tons of oxides of sulfur at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (4) Six-tenths of a ton of PM10 from a single source during the term of the permit and 3.0 tons of PM10 at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
- (5) One ton of VOCs from a single source during the term of the permit and 5.0 tons of VOCs at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
  - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (d) In accordance with § 127.14, the permittee is authorized to install the following minor sources without the need for a plan approval or permit modification:
- (1) Air conditioning or ventilation systems not designed to remove pollutants generated or released from other sources.







- (2) Combustion units rated at 2,500,000 or less Btu per hour of heat input.
- (3) Combustion units with a rated capacity of less than 10,000,000 Btu per hour heat input fueled by natural gas supplied by a public utility or by commercial fuel oils which are No. 2 or lighter, viscosity less than or equal to 5.82 c St, and which meet the sulfur content requirements of 25 Pa. Code §123.22 (relating to combustion units). For purposes of this permit, commercial fuel oil shall be virgin oil which has no reprocessed, recycled or waste material added.
  - (4) Space heaters which heat by direct heat transfer.
  - (5) Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.
  - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (e) This permit does not authorize de minimis emission increases if the emissions increase would cause one or more of the following:
- (1) Increase the emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act except as authorized in Subparagraphs (c)(4) and (5) of this permit condition.
- (2) Subject the facility to the prevention of significant deterioration requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter D and/or the new source review requirements in Subchapter E.
- (3) Violate any applicable requirement of this permit, the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, or the regulations promulgated under either of the acts.
- (f) Emissions authorized under this permit condition shall be included in the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this permit.
- (g) Except for de minimis emission increases, installation of minor sources made pursuant to this permit condition and Plan Approval Exemptions under 25 Pa. Code § 127.14 (relating to exemptions), the permittee is prohibited from making changes or engaging in activities that are not specifically authorized under this permit without first applying for a plan approval. In accordance with § 127.14(b), a plan approval is not required for the construction, modification, reactivation, or installation of the sources creating the de minimis emissions increase.
- (h) The permittee may not meet de minimis emission threshold levels by offsetting emission increases or decreases at the same source.

#### #014 [25 Pa. Code § 127.3]

#### **Operational Flexibility.**

The permittee is authorized to make changes within the facility in accordance with the regulatory provisions outlined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.3 (relating to operational flexibility) to implement the operational flexibility requirements provisions authorized under Section 6.1(i) of the Air Pollution Control Act and the operational flexibility terms and conditions of this permit. The provisions in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 which implement the operational flexibility requirements include the following:

- (1) Section 127.14 (relating to exemptions)
- (2) Section 127.447 (relating to alternative operating scenarios)
- (3) Section 127.448 (relating to emissions trading at facilities with Federally enforceable emissions caps)
- (4) Section 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases)
- (5) Section 127.450 (relating to administrative operating permit amendments)
- (6) Section 127.462 (relating to minor operating permit modifications)
- (7) Subchapter H (relating to general plan approvals and general operating permits)





#### #015 [25 Pa. Code § 127.11a]

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### **Reactivation of Sources**

- (a) The permittee may not reactivate a source that has been out of operation or production for at least one year unless the reactivation is conducted in accordance with a plan approval granted by the Department or in accordance with reactivation and maintenance plans developed and approved by the Department in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(a).
- (b) A source which has been out of operation or production for more than five (5) years but less than 10 years may be reactivated and will not be considered a new source if the permittee satisfies the conditions specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(b).

#### #016 [25 Pa. Code § 127.36]

# Health Risk-based Emission Standards and Operating Practice Requirements.

- (a) When needed to protect public health, welfare and the environment from emissions of hazardous air pollutants from new and existing sources, the permittee shall comply with the health risk-based emission standards or operating practice requirements imposed by the Department, except as precluded by §§ 6.6(d)(2) and (3) of the Air Pollution Control Act [35 P.S. § 4006.6(d)(2) and (3)].
- (b) A person challenging a performance or emission standard established by the Department has the burden to demonstrate that performance or emission standard does not meet the requirements of Section 112 of the Clean Air

#### #017 [25 Pa. Code § 121.9]

#### Circumvention.

No person may permit the use of a device, stack height which exceeds good engineering practice stack height, dispersion technique or other technique which, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminants emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminants which would otherwise be in violation of 25 Pa. Code Article III, except that with prior approval of the Department, the device or technique may be used for control of malodors.

#### #018 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.402(d) & 127.442]

#### Reporting Requirements.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting requirements of the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, the Air Pollution Control Act and 25 Pa. Code Article III including Chapters 127, 135 and 139.
- (b) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of any air contamination source.
- (c) Reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications and requests for renewal of the permit shall be submitted to the:

Regional Air Program Manager PA Department of Environmental Protection (At the address given in the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

- (d) Any records or information including applications, forms, or reports submitted pursuant to this permit condition shall contain a certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy and completeness. The certifications submitted under this permit shall require a responsible official of the facility to certify that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the documents are true, accurate and complete.
- (e) Any records, reports or information submitted to the Department shall be available to the public except for such records, reports or information which meet the confidentiality requirements of § 4013.2 of the Air Pollution Control Act and §§ 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act. The permittee may not request a claim of confidentiality for any emissions data generated for the facility.







#### #019 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) & 135.5]

### Sampling, Testing and Monitoring Procedures.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 and the other applicable requirements of 25 Pa. Code Article III and additional requirements related to monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping required by the Clean Air Act and the regulations thereunder including the Compliance Assurance Monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 64, where applicable.
- (b) Unless alternative methodology is required by the Clean Air Act and regulations adopted thereunder, sampling, testing and monitoring required by or used by the permittee to demonstrate compliance with any applicable regulation or permit condition shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139.

#### #020 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) and 135.5]

### Recordkeeping.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain and make available, upon request by the Department, the following records of monitored information:
  - (1) The date, place (as defined in the permit) and time of sampling or measurements.
  - (2) The dates the analyses were performed.
  - (3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
  - (4) The analytical techniques or methods used.
  - (5) The results of the analyses.
  - (6) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (b) The permittee shall retain records of any required monitoring data and supporting information for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring, sample, measurement, report or application. Supporting information includes the calibration data and maintenance records and original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of reports required by the permit.
- (c) The permittee shall maintain and make available to the Department upon request, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with the reporting, recordkeeping and emission statement requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135 (relating to reporting of sources). In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135, § 135.5, such records may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions.

#### #021 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441(a)]

# **Property Rights.**

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges.

#### #022 [25 Pa. Code § 127.447]

#### **Alternative Operating Scenarios.**

The permittee is authorized to make changes at the facility to implement alternative operating scenarios identified in this permit in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.447.

#### #023 [25 Pa. Code § 121.7]

#### **Prohibition of Air Pollution**

No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. §§ 4001-4015).



#024 [25 Pa. Code §135.3]

Reporting

- (a) If the facility is a Synthetic Minor Facility, the permittee shall submit by March 1 of each year an annual emissions report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all active previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the preceding calendar year, and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported. All air emissions from the facility should be estimated and reported.
- (b) A source owner or operator of a Synthetic Minor Facility may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of an annual emissions report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

#025 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

**Report Format** 

If applicable, the emissions reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Emissions reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.





# **SECTION C.** Site Level Requirements

#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

#### Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

The permittee may not allow the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any fugitive air contaminant from a source other than the following:

- (1) Construction or demolition of buildings or structures.
- (2) Grading, paying and maintenance of roads and streets.
- (3) Use of roads and streets. Emissions from material in or on trucks, railroad cars and other vehicular equipment are not considered as emissions from use of roads and streets.
- (4) Clearing of land.
- (5) Stockpiling of materials.
- (6) Open burning operations.
- (7) Sources and classes of sources other than those identified above, for which the operator has obtained a determination from the Department that fugitive emissions from the source, after appropriate control, meet the following requirements:
- (a) the emissions are of minor significance with respect to causing air pollution;
- (b) the emissions are not preventing or interfering with the attainment or maintenance of any ambient air standard.

### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.2]

### Fugitive particulate matter

The permittee may not allow fugitive particulate matter to be emitted into the outdoor atmosphere from a source specified in Section C, Condition # 001, if the emissions are visible at the point the emissions pass outside the permittee's property.

### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §123.31]

#### Limitations

The permittee may not allow the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source in such a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the permittee's property.

### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §123.41]

#### Limitations

The permittee may not allow the emission of visible air contaminants into the outdoor atmosphere in such a manner that the opacity of the emission is either of the following:

- (1) Equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour.
- (2) Equal to or greater than 60% at any time.

### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §123.42]

### **Exceptions**

The emission limitations of Section C. Condition #004 (25 Pa Code section 123.41) shall not apply when:

- (1) The presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of the emission to meet the limitation.
- (2) The emission results from the operation of equipment used solely to train and test persons in observing the opacity of visible emissions;
- (3) The emission results from sources specified in Section C, Condition #001 subsections (1)-(7).







#### SECTION C. **Site Level Requirements**

### # 006 [25 Pa. Code §129.14]

#### **Open burning operations**

(a) The permittee may not allow or conduct open burning of materials in such a manner that:

- (1) The emissions are visible, at any time, at the point such emissions pass outside the permittee's property.
- (2) Malodorous air contaminants from the open burning are detectable outside the permittee's property.
- (3) The emissions interfere with the reasonable enjoyment of life and property.
- (4) The emissions cause damage to vegetation or property.
- (5) The emissions are or may be deleterious to human or animal health.

Exceptions. The requirements of subsection (a), above, do not apply where the open burning operations result from:

- (1) A fire set to prevent or abate a fire hazard, when approved by the Department and set by or under the supervision of a public officer.
  - (2) Any fire set for the purpose of instructing personnel in fire fighting, when approved by the Department.
  - (3) A fire set for the prevention and control of disease or pests, when approved by the Department.
  - (4) A fire set solely for recreational or ceremonial purposes.
  - (5) A fire set solely for cooking food.

This permit does not constitute authorization to burn solid waste pursuant to section 610 (3) of the Solid Waste Management Act (SWMA). 35 PS Section 6018.610 (3) or any other provision of the SWMA.

#### TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The Department reserves the right to require exhaust stack testing of the sources and controls referenced in this permit to measure emissions for purposes including verification of permit condition compliance and estimation of annual air emissions.

#### # 008 [25 Pa. Code §139.1]

# Sampling facilities.

Upon the request of the Department, the permittee shall provide adequate sampling ports, safe sampling platforms and adequate utilities for the performance by the Department of tests on such sources. In the request, the Department will set forth the time period in which the facilities shall be provided as well as the specifications for such facilities.

#### # 009 [25 Pa. Code §139.11]

### General requirements.

- (a) As specified in 25 Pa. Code Section 139.11(1), performance tests shall be conducted while the source is operating at maximum routine operating conditions or under such other conditions, within the capacity of the equipment, as may be requested by the Department.
- (b) As specified in 25 Pa. Code Section 139.11(2), the Department will consider test results for approval where sufficient information is provided to verify the source conditions existing at the time of the test and where adequate data is available to show the manner in which the test was conducted. Information submitted to the Department shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
- (1) A thorough source description, including a description of any air cleaning devices and the flue.





# **SECTION C.** Site Level Requirements

- (2) Process conditions, for example, the throughput rate of material, and other conditions which may affect emissions from the process.
- (3) The location of the sampling ports.
- (4) Effluent characteristics, including velocity, temperature, moisture content, gas density (percentage CO, CO2, O2, and N2), static and barometric pressures.
- (5) Sample collection techniques employed, including procedures used, equipment descriptions, and data to verify that isokinetic sampling for particulate matter collection occurred and that acceptable test conditions were met.
- (6) Laboratory procedures and results.
- (7) Calculated results.

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# # 010 [25 Pa. Code §123.43]

#### Measuring techniques

Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

- (1) A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements.
- (2) Observers, trained and certified, to measure plume opacity with the naked eye, as per EPA Method 9, or with the aid of any devices approved by the Department.

#### # 011 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall conduct a monthly inspection during regular business workdays around the plant periphery during the daylight hours when the plant is in production to detect visible emissions, fugitive emissions and malodorous air contaminants. Monthly inspections are necessary to determine:

- a) The presence of visible emissions. Visible emissions may be measured according to the methods specified in Section C, Condition #010. As an alternative, plant personnel who observe such visible emissions shall report each incident to the Department within four (4) hours of the occurrence and arrange for a certified observer to read the visible emissions.
- b) Presence of fugitive emissions beyond the facility property boundaries, as stated in Section C, Condition #002.
- c) Presence of odorous air contaminants beyond the facility property boundaries as stated in Section C, Condition #003.

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 012 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall maintain a logbook of inspections as referenced in Section C, Condition #011. The logbook shall include, at minimum, the following information:

- 1.) The name of the company representative doing the observation.
- 2.) The date and time of the monitoring.
- 3.) The wind direction.
- 4.) A description of any emissions and/or malodors observed and the actions taken to mitigate them. If none are present, record "NONE."

# # 013 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Unless otherwise noted, all records required by this operating permit shall be maintained for the most recent five-year period and made available to the Department upon request. The most recent two years of records should be retained at the facility. The remaining three years of records may be retained off site provided the records are readily available. The







#### SECTION C. **Site Level Requirements**

records may be retained on paper, microfilm, microfiche or computer disks.

#### # 014 [25 Pa. Code §135.5]

### Recordkeeping

The permittee shall maintain and make available upon request by the Department, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with 25 Pa. Code Sections 135.3, and 135.21 (relating to reporting, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions). If direct recordkeeping is not possible or practical, sufficient records shall be kept to provide the needed information by indirect means.

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 015 [25 Pa. Code §127.442]

Reporting requirements.

The permittee shall report malfunctions to the Department. As defined in 40 CFR Section 60.2 and incorporated by reference in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 122, a malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, and not reasonably preventable failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner. Failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions. Malfunctions shall be reported as follows:

- (a) Malfunctions which pose an imminent danger to public health, safety, welfare and the environment, shall be immediately reported to the Department by telephone. The telephone report of such malfunctions shall occur no later than two hours after discovery of the incident. Telephone reports can be made to the Air Quality Program at (717) 705-4886 during normal business hours, or to the Department's Emergency Hotline at any time. The Emergency Hotline phone number is changed/updated periodically. The current Emergency Hotline phone number can be found at https://www.dep.pa.gov/About/Regional/SouthcentralRegion/Pages/default.aspx. The permittee shall submit a written report of instances of such malfunctions to the Department within three (3) days of the telephone report.
- (b) Unless otherwise required by this permit, any other malfunction that is not subject to the reporting requirement of subsection (a) above, shall be reported to the Department, in writing, within five (5) days of malfunction discovery. Unless otherwise approved by DEP, all malfunctions shall be reported through the Department's Greenport PUP system available through: https://greenport.pa.gov/ePermitPublicAccess/PublicSubmission/Home.

#### WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

#### Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

The permittee shall take all reasonable actions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne from any source specified in Section C, Condition #001(1)-(7). These actions shall include, but are not limited to the following:

- (1) Use, where possible, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land.
- (2) Application of asphalt, oil, water, or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, material stockpiles, and other surfaces which may give rise to airborne dusts.
- (3) Paving and maintenance of roadways.
- (4) Prompt removal of earth or other material from paved streets onto which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth moving equipment, erosion by water, or other means.

#### # 017 [25 Pa. Code §127.444]

### Compliance requirements.

The permittee shall operate and maintain all sources and air cleaning devices identified in this operating permit in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations/specifications, as well as consistent with good operating practices.







# **SECTION C.** Site Level Requirements

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### VIII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION.

No additional compliance certifications exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (relating to State Only General Requirements).

# IX. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

No compliance milestones exist.



# 01-05022



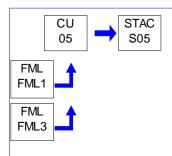
# **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 05 Source Name: BOILER 5 (2005)

Source Capacity/Throughput: 29.500 MMBTU/HR

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 01

04



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



# 01-05022



# **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 06 Source Name: BOILER 6 (2018)

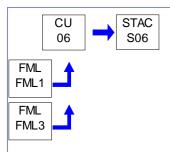
Source Capacity/Throughput: 31.200 MMBTU/HR

226.087 Gal/HR #2 Oil

30.588 MCF/HR Natural Gas

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 01

04



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

Source ID: 101 Source Name: EMERGENCY FIRE PUMP

> Source Capacity/Throughput: 17.600 Gal/HR **DIESEL FUEL**

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 06



### RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### II. **TESTING REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### **WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



01-05022

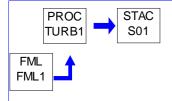


# **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

Source ID: TURB1 Source Name: TURBINE 1

Source Capacity/Throughput: 14,105.000 CF/HR Natural Gas

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 03



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

## **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

#### **Processes**

Particulate matter emissions from the turbine shall not exceed 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot of effluent gas, as per 25 PA Code §123.13(c)(1)(i).

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

### **General**

Sulfur oxides emissions, expressed as sulfur dioxide, from the turbine shall not exceed a concentration of 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis, in the effluent gas, as per 25 PA Code §123.21(b).

# 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Pursuant to the best available technology provisions of 25 PA Code §§ 127.1 and 127.12, the concentration of nitrogen oxides (NOx) and carbon monoxide (CO) in the exhaust associated with the turbine shall not exceed:

- 100 ppmvd NOx at 15% O2; and
- 200 ppm vd CO at 15% O2.

### Fuel Restriction(s).

# 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

This unit shall only operate on pipeline quality natural gas.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall maintain usage records, on a monthly basis, of natural gas combusted in the turbine.







# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

All records generated pursuant to this condition shall be retained on site for at least five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The turbine shall be operated in accordance with all the requirements specified by the manufacturer.

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

DEP Auth ID: 1497941 D

DEP PF ID:







Group Name: 01 Group Description: Boilers Sources included in this group

01-05022

ID	Name
05	BOILER 5 (2005)
06	BOILER 6 (2018)

#### RESTRICTIONS.

# **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.11]

**Combustion units** 

The permittee shall limit the emissions of particulate matter to 0.4 pounds per million BTU of heat input or less.

# Fuel Restriction(s).

#### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

These combustion units shall only operate on natural gas or No. 2 fuel oil.

# 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

[Additional authority for this condition is derived from GP1-01-05022A (Boiler 6) and GP1-01-05022B (Boiler 5)]

Emissions from the Group 01 boilers shall be limited to the following:

- (A) 30 ppmdv NOX at 3% O2 when firing gaseous fuel;
- (B) 90 ppmdv NOX at 3% O2 when firing No. 2 fuel oil; and
- (C) 300 ppmdv CO at 3% O2

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The Group 01 boilers are currently not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers Area Sources (MACT Subpart JJJJJJ) since they fire natural gas or No. 2 fuel oil exclusively. Furthermore, No. 2 fuel oil is only fired during periods of natural gas curtailment, natural gas supply interruption, startups, periodic testing, maintenance, or operator training (periodic testing, maintenance, or operator training using No. 2 fuel oil does not exceed a combined total of 48 hours during any calendar year).

Pursuant to the definition of "gas-fired boiler" contained in 40 CFR §63.11237: "Gas-fired boiler includes any boiler that burns gaseous fuels not combined with any solid fuels and burns liquid fuel only during periods of gas curtailment, gas supply interruption, startups, or for periodic testing, maintenance, or operator training on liquid fuel. Periodic testing, maintenance, or operator training on liquid fuel shall not exceed a combined total of 48 hours during any calendar year."





# KNOUSE FOODS COOP INC/ORRTANNA HAMILTONBAN TWP

#### SECTION E. **Source Group Restrictions.**

01-05022

The permittee shall keep records verifying that the operation of each Group 01 boilers meets the definition of "gas-fired boiler", above (or as otherwise defined in MACT Subpart JJJJJJ), during each calendar year. These records shall include the No. 2 fuel oil periodic testing, maintenance, and operator training operating hours of each Group 01 boilers during each calendar year. The permittee shall retain these records for a minimum of five (5) years and the records shall be made available to the Department upon its request.

If at any time any Group 01 boilers fail to meet the definition of "gas-fired boiler", above (or as otherwise defined in MACT Subpart JJJJJJ), the boiler shall become subject to MACT Subpart JJJJJJ and all applicable requirements therein. The permittee shall, within 30 days of the change, notify the Department of the change in status of the affected Group 01 boilers pursuant to 40 CFR §63.11225(g).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall submit an annual report to the Regional Air Quality Program Manager. The report for the previous calendar year is due no later than March 15 each year. The report shall include monthly fuel consumption.

If copies of analyses used to demonstrate compliance with reclaimed oil limitations were not already filed, then the report shall include copies of those analyses.

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

### [25 Pa. Code §123.22]

#### **Combustion units**

- (a) Nonair basin areas. Combustion units in nonair basin areas must confirm with the following:
- (1) General Provision. A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, from a combustion unit in excess of the rate of 4 pounds per million Btu of heat input over a 1-hour period, except as provided in paragraph (4).
  - (2) Commercial Fuel oil
- (i) Except as specified in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii), a person may not offer for sale, deliver for use, exchange in trade or permit the use of commercial fuel oil in nonair basin areas if the commercial fuel oil contains sulfur in excess of the applicable maximum allowable sulfur content set forth in the following table:

Grades Commercial Fuel Oil

Maximum Allowable % Sulfur by Weight beginning September 1, 2020

No. 2

15 ppm (0.0015%)

- (ii) Commercial fuel oil that was stored in this Commonwealth by the ultimate consumer prior to September 1, 2020, which met the applicable maximum allowable sulfur content for commercial fuel oil through August 31, 2020, in subparagraph (i) at the time it was stored, may be used by the ultimate consumer in this Commonwealth on and after September 1, 2020.
- (iii) The Department may temporarily suspend or increase the applicable maximum allowable sulfur content for a commercial fuel oil set forth in subparagraph (i) if the following occur:
- (A) The Department receives a written request at the address specified in subsection (h) for a suspension or increase on the basis that compliant commercial fuel oil is not reasonably available in a nonair basin area. The request must include the following:



- (I) The nonair basin county or counties for which the suspension or increase is requested.
- (II) The reason compliant commercial fuel oil is not reasonably available.
- (III) The duration of time for which the suspension or increase is requested and the justification for the requested duration.
- (B) The Department determines that an insufficient quantity of compliant commercial fuel oil is reasonably available in the nonair basin area and that the circumstances leading to the insufficiency are due to events that could not have been reasonably foreseen or prevented and are not due to lack of prudent planning on the part of the transferor of the commercial fuel oil into or within the specified nonair basin area.
- (C) The Department approves the request, in writing, prior to the transferor distributing the noncompliant commercial fuel oil into or within the specified nonair basin area.
- (iv) The Department will limit a suspension or increase in the applicable maximum allowable sulfur content granted under subparagraph (iii) to the shortest duration in which adequate supplies of compliant commercial fuel oil can be made reasonably available, but in no case longer than 60 days from the date the Department grants the suspension or increase.
- (3) Equivalency provision. Paragraph (2) does not apply to a person who uses equipment or a process, or to the owner or operator of an installation where equipment or a process is used, to reduce the sulfur emissions from the burning of a fuel with a higher sulfur content than that specified in paragraph (2). The emissions may not exceed those which would result from the use of commercial fuel oil that meets the applicable maximum allowable sulfur content specified in paragraph (2).
  - (4) [N/A. NOT SOLID FOSSIL FUEL FIRED.]
- (b) through (e): [N/A- THESE ARE FOR AIR BASINS.]
- (f) Sampling and testing.
- (1) For the purpose of determining compliance with the requirements of this section, the actual sulfur content of commercial fuel oil shall be determined by one of the following:
- (i) In accordance with the sample collection, test methods and procedures specified under § 139.16 (relating to sulfur in fuel oil).
  - (ii) Other methods developed or approved by the Department or the Administrator of the EPA, or both.
  - (2) [N/A- NOT A REFINERY]
  - (3) [N/A- FACILITY IS ULTIMATE CONSUMER]
- (g) Recordkeeping and reporting.
- (1) Beginning with the refinery owner or operator who sells or transfers commercial fuel oil into or within this Commonwealth for use in this Commonwealth and ending with the ultimate consumer, each time the physical custody of, or title to, a shipment of commercial fuel oil changes hands on or after July 1, 2016, the transferor shall provide to the transferee an electronic or paper record described in this paragraph. This record must legibly and conspicuously contain the following information:

Page 25

- (i) The date of the sale or transfer.
- (ii) The name and address of the transferor.
- (iii) The name and address of the transferee.
- (iv) The volume of commercial fuel oil being sold or transferred.



- (v) The identification of the sulfur content of the shipment of commercial fuel oil, determined using the sampling and testing methods specified in subsection (b)(1), expressed as one of the following statements:
  - (A) For a shipment of No. 2 and lighter commercial fuel oil:
  - (I) [NA PERMIT IS ISSUED AFTER 9/1/2020]
  - (II) On and after September 1, 2020—"The sulfur content of this shipment is 15 ppm or below."
    - (B) [NA NO.4 FUEL OIL NOT USED]
    - (C) [NA NO. 5/6 FUEL OILS NOT USED]
    - (vi) The location of the commercial fuel oil at the time of transfer.
- (vii) Except for a transfer to a truck carrier, an owner or operator of a retail outlet or an ultimate consumer, the transferor may substitute the information required under subparagraphs (i)—(vi) with the use of a product code if the following are met:
  - (A) The product code includes the information required under subparagraphs (i)—(vi).
  - (B) The product code is standardized throughout the distribution system in which it is used.
  - (C) Each downstream party is given sufficient information to know the full meaning of the product code.

[NOTE: THE FACILITY IS REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN A RECORD CONTAINING THE INFORMATION IN THIS PARAGRAPH AS PER PARAGRAPH (g)(5) OF THIS SECTION]

- (2) [N/A- FACILITY IS NOT A REFINERY OWNER OR OPERATOR.]
- (3) [N/A- FACILITY IS NOT TERMINAL OWNER OR OPERATOR.]
- (4) The permittee shall do both of the following:
- (i) Maintain the applicable records required under paragraph (c)(1) in electronic or paper format for 2 years unless a longer period is required under § 127.511(b)(2) (relating to monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements).
  - (ii) Provide an electronic or written copy of the applicable record to the Department upon request.
- (5) The permittee shall maintain in electronic or paper format the record containing the information listed in paragraph (c)(1).
  - (i) [N/A- FACILITY IS NOT A PRIVATE RESIDENCE.]
  - (ii) [N/A- FACILITY IS NOT AN APARTMENT OR CONDOMINIUM BUILDING HOUSING PRIVATE RESIDENTS.]
- (h) Written request. The written request for suspension of or increase in the sulfur content limit on the basis that compliant commercial fuel oil is not reasonably available shall be addressed to the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Air Quality, Chief of the Division of Compliance and Enforcement, P. O. Box 8468, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105-8468.







Group Name: 03

Group Description: 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart GG

Sources included in this group

Name

TURB1TURBINE 1

#### RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The turbine will be subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG - Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines and shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Subpart. Including all applicable portions of 40 CFR Part 60 - General Provisions. The permittee shall comply with 40 CFR Section 60.4, which requires submission of copies of all requests, reports, applications, submittals, and other communications to both EPA and the Department. The EPA copies shall be forwarded to:

> Director of Air Protection Division US EPA, Region III (3AP00) 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

Unless otherwise approved by DEP, the DEP copies shall be reported through the Department's Greenport PUP system available through:

https://greenport.pa.gov/ePermitPublicAccess/PublicSubmission/Home

In the event that the Federal Subpart that is the subject of this Source Group is revised by EPA, the permittee shall comply with the revised version of the subpart, and shall not be required to comply with any provisions in this permit designated as having the subpart as their authority, to the extent that such permit provisions would be inconsistent with the applicable provisions of the revised subpart.





# 002 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.330] Subpart GG - Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines Applicability and designation of affected facility.

§60.330 Applicability and designation of affected facility.

- (a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to the following affected facilities: All stationary gas turbines with a heat input at peak load equal to or greater than 10.7 gigajoules (10 million Btu) per hour, based on the lower heating value of the fuel fired.
- (b) Any facility under paragraph (a) of this section which commences construction, modification, or reconstruction after October 3, 1977, is subject to the requirements of this part except as provided in paragraphs (e) and (j) of §60.332.

[44 FR 52798, Sept. 10, 1979, as amended at 52 FR 42434, Nov. 5, 1987; 65 FR 61759, Oct. 17, 2000]

- §60.331 Definitions. [INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE]
- §60.332 Standard for nitrogen oxides.
- (a) [N/A AS PER 60.332(e) ANY GAS TURBINE WITH A HEAT INPUT AT PEAK LOAD EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 MMBTU/HR BUT LESS THEN 100 MMBTU/HR AND HAVE COMMENCED CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO OCTOBER 3, 1982 ARE EXEMPT FROM PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SECTION]
- (b) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT AN ELECTRIC UTILITY STATIONARY GAS TURBINE]
- (c) [N/A AS PER 60.332(e) ANY GAS TURBINE WITH A HEAT INPUT AT PEAK LOAD EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 MMBTU/HR BUT LESS THEN 100 MMBTU/HR AND HAVE COMMENCED CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO OCTOBER 3, 1982 ARE EXEMPT FROM PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SECTION]
- (d) [N/A AS PER 60.332(e) ANY GAS TURBINE WITH A HEAT INPUT AT PEAK LOAD EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 MMBTU/HR BUT LESS THEN 100 MMBTU/HR AND HAVE COMMENCED CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO OCTOBER 3, 1982 ARE EXEMPT FROM PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SECTION]
- (e) Stationary gas turbines with a heat input at peak load equal to or greater than 10.7 gigajoules per hour (10 million Btu/hour) but less than or equal to 107.2 gigajoules per hour (100 million Btu/hour) based on the lower heating value of the fuel fired and that have commenced construction prior to October 3, 1982 are exempt from paragraph (a) of this section.
- (f) [N/A THE UNIT DOES NOT USE WATER INJECTION]
- (g) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT USED AS AN EMERGENCY GAS TURBINE]
- (h) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT ENGAGED BY MANUFACTURERS IN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT]
- (i) [N/A AS PER 60.332(e) ANY GAS TURBINE WITH A HEAT INPUT AT PEAK LOAD EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 MMBTU/HR BUT LESS THEN 100 MMBTU/HR AND HAVE COMMENCED CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO OCTOBER 3, 1982 ARE EXEMPT FROM PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SECTION]
- (j) [N/A THE UNIT IS SMALLER THAN 107.2 GIGAJOULES PER HOUR]
- (k) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (a)(2) OF THIS SECTION]
- (I) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT A REGENERATIVE CYCLE GAS TURBINE]
- [44 FR 52798, Sept. 10, 1979, as amended at 47 FR 3770, Jan. 27, 1982; 65 FR 61759, Oct. 17, 2000; 69 FR 41359, July 8, 2004]
- §60.333 Standard for sulfur dioxide.





On and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by §60.8 is completed, every owner or operator subject to the provision of this subpart shall comply with one or the other of the following conditions:

- (a) No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any stationary gas turbine any gases which contain sulfur dioxide in excess of 0.015 percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen and on a dry basis.
- (b) No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall burn in any stationary gas turbine any fuel which contains total sulfur in excess of 0.8 percent by weight (8,000 ppmw).

[44 FR 52798, Sept. 10, 1979, as amended at 69 FR 41360, July 8, 2004]

- §60.334 Monitoring of operations.
- (a) [N/A THE UNIT DOES NOT USE WATER OR STEAM INJECTION TO CONTROL NOX]
- (b) [N/A THE UNIT DOES NOT USE WATER OR STEAM INJECTION TO CONTROL NOX]
- (c) For any turbine that commenced construction, reconstruction or modification after October 3, 1977, but before July 8, 2004, and which does not use steam or water injection to control NOX emissions, the owner or operator may, but is not required to, for purposes of determining excess emissions, use a CEMS that meets the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section. Also, if the owner or operator has previously submitted and received EPA, State, or local permitting authority approval of a procedure for monitoring compliance with the applicable NOX emission limit under §60.332, that approved procedure may continue to be used.
- (d) [N/A THE UNIT WAS CONTRUCTED PRIOR TO JULY 8, 2004]
- (e) [N/A THE UNIT WAS CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO JULY 8, 2004]
- (f) [N/A THE UNIT WAS CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO JULY 8, 2004]
- (g) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPHS (a), (d) OR (f)]
- (h) The owner or operator of any stationary gas turbine subject to the provisions of this subpart:
- (1) Shall monitor the total sulfur content of the fuel being fired in the turbine, except as provided in paragraph (h)(3) of this section. The sulfur content of the fuel must be determined using total sulfur methods described in §60.335(b)(10). Alternatively, if the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel during the most recent performance test was less than 0.4 weight percent (4,000 ppmw), ASTM D4084–82, 94, D5504–01, D6228–98, or Gas Processors Association Standard 2377–86 (all of which are incorporated by reference-see §60.17), which measure the major sulfur compounds may be used; and
  - (2) [N/A THE FACILITY IS NOT CLAIMING AN ALLOWANCE ON FUEL BOUND NITROGEN]
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (h)(1) of this section, the owner or operator may elect not to monitor the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel combusted in the turbine, if the gaseous fuel is demonstrated to meet the definition of natural gas in §60.331(u), regardless of whether an existing custom schedule approved by the administrator for subpart GG requires such monitoring. The owner or operator shall use one of the following sources of information to make the required demonstration:
- (i) The gas quality characteristics in a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet or transportation contract for the gaseous fuel, specifying that the maximum total sulfur content of the fuel is 20.0 grains/100 scf or less; or
- (ii) Representative fuel sampling data which show that the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel does not exceed 20 grains/100 scf. At a minimum, the amount of fuel sampling data specified in section 2.3.1.4 or 2.3.2.4 of appendix D to part 75 of this chapter is required.
- (4) For any turbine that commenced construction, reconstruction or modification after October 3, 1977, but before July 8,



2004, and for which a custom fuel monitoring schedule has previously been approved, the owner or operator may, without submitting a special petition to the Administrator, continue monitoring on this schedule.

- (i) The frequency of determining the sulfur and nitrogen content of the fuel shall be as follows:
  - (1) [N/A THE UNIT WILL BE FIRED ON NATURAL GAS ONLY]
- (2) Gaseous fuel. Any applicable nitrogen content value of the gaseous fuel shall be determined and recorded once per unit operating day. For owners and operators that elect not to demonstrate sulfur content using options in paragraph (h)(3) of this section, and for which the fuel is supplied without intermediate bulk storage, the sulfur content value of the gaseous fuel shall be determined and recorded once per unit operating day.
- (3) Custom schedules. Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (i)(2) of this section, operators or fuel vendors may develop custom schedules for determination of the total sulfur content of gaseous fuels, based on the design and operation of the affected facility and the characteristics of the fuel supply. Except as provided in paragraphs (i)(3)(i) and (i)(3)(ii) of this section, custom schedules shall be substantiated with data and shall be approved by the Administrator before they can be used to comply with the standard in §60.333.
- (i) The two custom sulfur monitoring schedules set forth in paragraphs (i)(3)(i)(A) through (D) and in paragraph (i)(3)(ii) of this section are acceptable, without prior Administrative approval:
- (A) The owner or operator shall obtain daily total sulfur content measurements for 30 consecutive unit operating days, using the applicable methods specified in this subpart. Based on the results of the 30 daily samples, the required frequency for subsequent monitoring of the fuel's total sulfur content shall be as specified in paragraph (i)(3)(i)(B), (C), or (D) of this section, as applicable.
- (B) If none of the 30 daily measurements of the fuel's total sulfur content exceeds 0.4 weight percent (4,000 ppmw), subsequent sulfur content monitoring may be performed at 12 month intervals. If any of the samples taken at 12-month intervals has a total sulfur content between 0.4 and 0.8 weight percent (4,000 and 8,000 ppmw), follow the procedures in paragraph (i)(3)(i)(C) of this section. If any measurement exceeds 0.8 weight percent (8,000 ppmw), follow the procedures in paragraph (i)(3)(i)(D) of this section.
- (C) If at least one of the 30 daily measurements of the fuel's total sulfur content is between 0.4 and 0.8 weight percent (4,000 and 8,000 ppmw), but none exceeds 0.8 weight percent (8,000 ppmw), then:
- (1) Collect and analyze a sample every 30 days for three months. If any sulfur content measurement exceeds 0.8 weight percent (8,000 ppmw), follow the procedures in paragraph (i)(3)(i)(D) of this section. Otherwise, follow the procedures in paragraph (i)(3)(i)(C)(2) of this section.
- (2) Begin monitoring at 6-month intervals for 12 months. If any sulfur content measurement exceeds 0.8 weight percent (8,000 ppmw), follow the procedures in paragraph (i)(3)(i)(D) of this section. Otherwise, follow the procedures in paragraph (i)(3)(i)(C)(3) of this section.
- (3) Begin monitoring at 12-month intervals. If any sulfur content measurement exceeds 0.8 weight percent (8,000 ppmw), follow the procedures in paragraph (i)(3)(i)(D) of this section. Otherwise, continue to monitor at this frequency.
- (D) If a sulfur content measurement exceeds 0.8 weight percent (8,000 ppmw), immediately begin daily monitoring according to paragraph (i)(3)(i)(A) of this section. Daily monitoring shall continue until 30 consecutive daily samples, each having a sulfur content no greater than 0.8 weight percent (8,000 ppmw), are obtained. At that point, the applicable procedures of paragraph (i)(3)(i)(B) or (C) of this section shall be followed.
- (ii) The owner or operator may use the data collected from the 720-hour sulfur sampling demonstration described in section 2.3.6 of appendix D to part 75 of this chapter to determine a custom sulfur sampling schedule, as follows:
- (A) If the maximum fuel sulfur content obtained from the 720 hourly samples does not exceed 20 grains/100 scf (i.e., the maximum total sulfur content of natural gas as defined in §60.331(u)), no additional monitoring of the sulfur content of the gas is required, for the purposes of this subpart.





- (B) If the maximum fuel sulfur content obtained from any of the 720 hourly samples exceeds 20 grains/100 scf, but none of the sulfur content values (when converted to weight percent sulfur) exceeds 0.4 weight percent (4,000 ppmw), then the minimum required sampling frequency shall be one sample at 12 month intervals.
- (C) If any sample result exceeds 0.4 weight percent sulfur (4,000 ppmw), but none exceeds 0.8 weight percent sulfur (8,000 ppmw), follow the provisions of paragraph (i)(3)(i)(C) of this section.
- (D) If the sulfur content of any of the 720 hourly samples exceeds 0.8 weight percent (8,000 ppmw), follow the provisions of paragraph (i)(3)(i)(D) of this section.
- (j) For each affected unit that elects to continuously monitor parameters or emissions, or to periodically determine the fuel sulfur content or fuel nitrogen content under this subpart, the owner or operator shall submit reports of excess emissions and monitor downtime, in accordance with §60.7(c). Excess emissions shall be reported for all periods of unit operation, including startup, shutdown and malfunction. For the purpose of reports required under §60.7(c), periods of excess emissions and monitor downtime that shall be reported are defined as follows:
  - (1) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDES PROVISIONS OF THE SUBPART]
- (2) Sulfur dioxide. If the owner or operator is required to monitor the sulfur content of the fuel under paragraph (h) of this section:
- (i) For samples of gaseous fuel and for oil samples obtained using daily sampling, flow proportional sampling, or sampling from the unit's storage tank, an excess emission occurs each unit operating hour included in the period beginning on the date and hour of any sample for which the sulfur content of the fuel being fired in the gas turbine exceeds 0.8 weight percent and ending on the date and hour that a subsequent sample is taken that demonstrates compliance with the sulfur limit.
- (ii) If the option to sample each delivery of fuel oil has been selected, the owner or operator shall immediately switch to one of the other oil sampling options (i.e., daily sampling, flow proportional sampling, or sampling from the unit's storage tank) if the sulfur content of a delivery exceeds 0.8 weight percent. The owner or operator shall continue to use one of the other sampling options until all of the oil from the delivery has been combusted, and shall evaluate excess emissions according to paragraph (j)(2)(i) of this section. When all of the fuel from the delivery has been burned, the owner or operator may resume using the as-delivered sampling option.
- (iii) A period of monitor downtime begins when a required sample is not taken by its due date. A period of monitor downtime also begins on the date and hour of a required sample, if invalid results are obtained. The period of monitor downtime shall include only unit operating hours, and ends on the date and hour of the next valid sample.
  - (3) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE ICE FOG PROVISIONS]
- (4) Emergency fuel. Each period during which an exemption provided in §60.332(k) is in effect shall be included in the report required in §60.7(c). For each period, the type, reasons, and duration of the firing of the emergency fuel shall be reported.
- (5) All reports required under §60.7(c) shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each 6-month period.

[44 FR 52798, Sept. 10, 1979, as amended at 47 FR 3770, Jan. 27, 1982; 65 FR 61759, Oct. 17, 2000; 69 FR 41360, July 8, 2004; 71 FR 9457, Feb. 24, 2006]

§60.335 Test methods and procedures.

- (a) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]
- (b) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the applicable nitrogen oxides emission limitation in §60.332 and shall meet the performance test requirements of §60.8 as follows:
  - (1) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]





- (2) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]
- (3) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]
- (4) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]
- (5) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]
- (6) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]
- (7) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]
- (8) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]
- (9) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]
- (10) If the owner or operator is required under §60.334(i)(1) or (3) to periodically determine the sulfur content of the fuel combusted in the turbine, a minimum of three fuel samples shall be collected during the performance test. Analyze the samples for the total sulfur content of the fuel using:
  - (i) [N/A THE UNIT WILL FIRE NATURAL GAS ONLY]
- (ii) For gaseous fuels, ASTM D1072–80, 90 (Reapproved 1994); D3246–81, 92, 96; D4468–85 (Reapproved 2000); or D6667–01 (all of which are incorporated by reference, see §60.17). The applicable ranges of some ASTM methods mentioned above are not adequate to measure the levels of sulfur in some fuel gases. Dilution of samples before analysis (with verification of the dilution ratio) may be used, subject to the prior approval of the Administrator.
- (11) The fuel analyses required under paragraphs (b)(9) and (b)(10) of this section may be performed by the owner or operator, a service contractor retained by the owner or operator, the fuel vendor, or any other qualified agency.
- (c) [N/A THE UNIT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE NITROGEN OXIDE PROVISIONS]

[69 FR 41363, July 8, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 9458, Feb. 24, 2006; 79 FR 11250, Feb. 27, 2014]



### 01-05022



# **SECTION E.** Source Group Restrictions.

Group Name: 04

Group Description: NSPS Subpart Dc (> 30 MMBTU)

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
05	BOILER 5 (2005)
06	BOILER 6 (2018)

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

# **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.40c]

Subpart Dc - Standards of Performance for Small Industrial- Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units Applicability and delegation of authority.

- § 60.40c Applicability and delegation of authority.
- (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this section, the affected facility to which this subpart applies is each steam generating unit for which construction, modification, or reconstruction is commenced after June 9, 1989 and that has a maximum design heat input capacity of 29 megawatts (MW) (100 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/h)) or less, but greater than or equal to 2.9 MW (10 MMBtu/h).
- (b) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority to a State under section 111(c) of the Clean Air Act, § 60.48c(a)(4) shall be retained by the Administrator and not transferred to a State.
- (c) [NA UNIT(S) NOT ASSOCIATED WITH COMBUSTION RESEARCH]
- (d) [NA UNIT(S) NOT ASSOCIATED WITH COMBUSTION RESEARCH]
- (e) [NA UNIT(S) NOT ASSOCIATED WITH STATIONARY COMBUSTION TURBINE]
- (f) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO NSPS AAAA OR CCCC]
- (g) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO NSPS BBBB]
- (h) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO NSPS J OR Ja]
- (i) [NA UNIT(S) ARE NOT TEMPORARY BOILERS]

[72 FR 32759, June 13, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 5090, Jan. 28, 2009; 77 FR 9461, Feb. 16, 2012]

- § 60.42c Standard for sulfur dioxide (SO2).
- (a) [NA UNIT(S) NOT COAL FIRED]
- (b) [NA UNIT(S) NOT COAL FIRED]
- (c) [NA UNIT(S) NOT COAL FIRED]
- (d) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under § 60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts oil shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain SO2 in excess of 215 ng/J (0.50 lb/MMBtu) heat input from oil; or, as an alternative, no owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts oil shall combust oil in the affected facility that contains greater than 0.5 weight percent sulfur. The percent reduction requirements are not applicable to affected facilities under this paragraph.
- (e) [NA MULTIPLE SIMULTANEOUS FUELS NOT USED]
- (f) [NA UNIT(S) NOT COAL FIRED]







- (g) [NA PARAGRAPH (h) APPLIES]
- (h) For affected facilities listed under paragraphs (h)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, compliance with the emission limits or fuel oil sulfur limits under this section may be determined based on a certification from the fuel supplier, as described under § 60.48c(f), as applicable.
- (1) Distillate oil-fired affected facilities with heat input capacities between 2.9 and 29 MW (10 and 100 MMBtu/hr).
- (2) [NA UNIT(S) NOT RESIDUAL OIL FIRED]
- (3) [NA UNIT(S) NOT COAL FIRED]
- (4) Other fuels-fired affected facilities with heat input capacities between 2.9 and 8.7 MW (10 and 30 MMBtu/h).
- (i) The SO2 emission limits, fuel oil sulfur limits, and percent reduction requirements under this section apply at all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.
- (j) [NA UNIT(S) NOT IN NON-CONTINENTAL AREA]

[72 FR 32759, June 13, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 5090, Jan. 28, 2009; 77 FR 9462, Feb. 16, 2012]

- § 60.43c Standard for particulate matter (PM).
- (a) [NA UNIT(S) NOT COAL FIRED]
- (b) [NA UNIT(S) NOT WOOD FIRED]
- (c) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under § 60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts coal, wood, or oil and has a heat input capacity of 8.7 MW (30 MMBtu/h) or greater shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that exhibit greater than 20 percent opacity (6-minute average), except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent opacity. Owners and operators of an affected facility that elect to install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) for measuring PM emissions according to the requirements of this subpart and are subject to a federally enforceable PM limit of 0.030 lb/MMBtu or less are exempt from the opacity standard specified in this paragraph (c).
- (d) The PM and opacity standards under this section apply at all times, except during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction.
- (e)(1) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or is required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that commences construction, reconstruction, or modification after February 28, 2005, and that combusts coal, oil, wood, a mixture of these fuels, or a mixture of these fuels with any other fuels and has a heat input capacity of 8.7 MW (30 MMBtu/h) or greater shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain PM in excess of 13 ng/J (0.030 lb/MMBtu) heat input, except as provided in paragraphs (e)(2), (e)(3), and (e)(4) of this section.
- (2) As an alternative to meeting the requirements of paragraph (e)(1) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility for which modification commenced after February 28, 2005, may elect to meet the requirements of this paragraph. On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that commences modification after February 28, 2005 shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain PM in excess of both:
- (i) 22 ng/J (0.051 lb/MMBtu) heat input derived from the combustion of coal, oil, wood, a mixture of these fuels, or a mixture of these fuels with any other fuels; and
- (ii) 0.2 percent of the combustion concentration (99.8 percent reduction) when combusting coal, oil, wood, a mixture of these fuels, or a mixture of these fuels with any other fuels.



- (3) [NA WOOD FUEL NOT USED]
- (4) An owner or operator of an affected facility that commences construction, reconstruction, or modification after February 28, 2005, and that combusts only oil that contains no more than 0.50 weight percent sulfur or a mixture of 0.50 weight percent sulfur oil with other fuels not subject to a PM standard under §60.43c and not using a post-combustion technology (except a wet scrubber) to reduce PM or SO2 emissions is not subject to the PM limit in this section.
- [72 FR 32759, June 13, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 5091, Jan. 28, 2009; 77 FR 9462, Feb. 16, 2012]
- § 60.44c Compliance and performance test methods and procedures for sulfur dioxide.
- (a) (g) [NA PARAGRAPH (h) APPLIES]
- (h) For affected facilities subject to § 60.42c(h)(1), (2), or (3) where the owner or operator seeks to demonstrate compliance with the SO2 standards based on fuel supplier certification, the performance test shall consist of the certification from the fuel supplier, as described in § 60.48c(f), as applicable.
- (i) [NA UNIT(S) NOT COAL FIRED]
- (j) [NA PARAGRAPH (h) APPLIES]
- [72 FR 32759, June 13, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 5091, Jan. 28, 2009]
- § 60.45c Compliance and performance test methods and procedures for particulate matter.
- (a) [INITIAL PERFORMANCE TESTING REQUIREMENT IS IN THE PAST]
- (b) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO § 60.43c(b)(2)]
- (c) [NA- CEMS NOT USED]
- (d) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO § 60.43c(e)]
- [72 FR 32759, June 13, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 5091, Jan. 28, 2009; 76 FR 3523, Jan. 20, 2011; 77 FR 9463, Feb. 16, 2012]
- § 60.46c Emission monitoring for sulfur dioxide.
- (a) (d) [NA PARAGRAPH (e) APPLIES]
- (e) The monitoring requirements of paragraphs (a) and (d) of this section shall not apply to affected facilities subject to § 60.42c(h) (1), (2), or (3) where the owner or operator of the affected facility seeks to demonstrate compliance with the SO2 standards based on fuel supplier certification, as described under § 60.48c(f), as applicable.
- (f) [NA PARAGRAPH (e) APPLIES]
- § 60.47c Emission monitoring for particulate matter.
- (a) [FIRST SENTENCE OF THIS SUBSECTION IS NA, AND HAS BEEN OMITTED BECAUSE (f) APPLIES] The owner or operator of an affected facility subject to an opacity standard in § 60.43c(c) that is not required to use a COMS due to paragraphs (c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section that elects not to use a COMS shall conduct a performance test using Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part and the procedures in § 60.11 to demonstrate compliance with the applicable limit in § 60.43c by April 29, 2011, within 45 days of stopping use of an existing COMS, or within 180 days after initial startup of the facility, whichever is later, and shall comply with either paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of this section. The observation period for Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance tests may be reduced from 3 hours to 60 minutes if all 6-minute averages are less than 10 percent and all individual 15-second observations are less than or equal to 20 percent during the initial 60 minutes of observation.



- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) and (a)(3) of this section, the owner or operator shall conduct subsequent Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance tests using the procedures in paragraph (a) of this section according to the applicable schedule in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) through (a)(1)(iv) of this section, as determined by the most recent Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance test results.
- (i) If no visible emissions are observed, a subsequent Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance test must be completed within 12 calendar months from the date that the most recent performance test was conducted or within 45 days of the next day that fuel with an opacity standard is combusted, whichever is later;
- (ii) If visible emissions are observed but the maximum 6-minute average opacity is less than or equal to 5 percent, a subsequent Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance test must be completed within 6 calendar months from the date that the most recent performance test was conducted or within 45 days of the next day that fuel with an opacity standard is combusted, whichever is later:
- (iii) If the maximum 6-minute average opacity is greater than 5 percent but less than or equal to 10 percent, a subsequent Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance test must be completed within 3 calendar months from the date that the most recent performance test was conducted or within 45 days of the next day that fuel with an opacity standard is combusted, whichever is later; or
- (iv) If the maximum 6-minute average opacity is greater than 10 percent, a subsequent Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance test must be completed within 45 calendar days from the date that the most recent performance test was conducted.
- (2) If the maximum 6-minute opacity is less than 10 percent during the most recent Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance test, the owner or operator may, as an alternative to performing subsequent Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance tests, elect to perform subsequent monitoring using Method 22 of appendix A-7 of this part according to the procedures specified in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section.
- (i) The owner or operator shall conduct 10 minute observations (during normal operation) each operating day the affected facility fires fuel for which an opacity standard is applicable using Method 22 of appendix A-7 of this part and demonstrate that the sum of the occurrences of any visible emissions is not in excess of 5 percent of the observation period (i.e., 30 seconds per 10 minute period). If the sum of the occurrence of any visible emissions is greater than 30 seconds during the initial 10 minute observation, immediately conduct a 30 minute observation. If the sum of the occurrence of visible emissions is greater than 5 percent of the observation period (i.e., 90 seconds per 30 minute period), the owner or operator shall either document and adjust the operation of the facility and demonstrate within 24 hours that the sum of the occurrence of visible emissions is equal to or less than 5 percent during a 30 minute observation (i.e., 90 seconds) or conduct a new Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part performance test using the procedures in paragraph (a) of this section within 45 calendar days according to the requirements in § 60.45c(a)(8).
- (ii) If no visible emissions are observed for 10 operating days during which an opacity standard is applicable, observations can be reduced to once every 7 operating days during which an opacity standard is applicable. If any visible emissions are observed, daily observations shall be resumed.
- (3) [NA DIGITAL OPACITY COMPLIANCE SYSTEM NOT USED]
- (b) [NA COMS NOT REQUIRED OR USED]
- (c) Owners and operators of an affected facilities that burn only distillate oil that contains no more than 0.5 weight percent sulfur and/or liquid or gaseous fuels with potential sulfur dioxide emission rates of 26 ng/J (0.060 lb/MMBtu) heat input or less and that do not use a post-combustion technology to reduce SO2 or PM emissions and that are subject to an opacity standard in § 60.43c(c) are not required to operate a COMS if they follow the applicable procedures in § 60.48c(f).
- (d) [NA PM CEMS NOT USED]
- (e) [NA DOES NOT MAINTAIN CO EMISSION RECORDS ON AN OPERATING DAY BASIS]
- (f) An owner or operator of an affected facility that is subject to an opacity standard in § 60.43c(c) is not required to operate a



COMS provided that the affected facility meets the conditions in either paragraphs (f)(1), (2), or (3) of this section.

(1) [NA - NO BAGHOUSE]

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- (2) [NA NO ESP]
- (3) [NA 60.47c(c) APPLIES]

[72 FR 32759, June 13, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 5091, Jan. 28, 2009; 76 FR 3523, Jan. 20, 2011; 77 FR 9463, Feb. 16, 2012]

- § 60.48c Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.
- (a) [STARTUP IS IN THE PAST]
- (b) The owner or operator of each affected facility subject to the SO2 emission limits of § 60.42c, or the PM or opacity limits of § 60.43c, shall submit to the Administrator the performance test data from the initial and any subsequent performance tests and, if applicable, the performance evaluation of the CEMS and/or COMS using the applicable performance specifications in appendix B of this part.
- (c) In addition to the applicable requirements in § 60.7, the owner or operator of an affected facility subject to the opacity limits in § 60.43c(c) shall submit excess emission reports for any excess emissions from the affected facility that occur during the reporting period and maintain records according to the requirements specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (3) of this section, as applicable to the visible emissions monitoring method used.
- (1) For each performance test conducted using Method 9 of appendix A-4 of this part, the owner or operator shall keep the records including the information specified in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (iii) of this section.
- (i) Dates and time intervals of all opacity observation periods;
- (ii) Name, affiliation, and copy of current visible emission reading certification for each visible emission observer participating in the performance test; and
- (iii) Copies of all visible emission observer opacity field data sheets;
- (2) For each performance test conducted using Method 22 of appendix A-4 of this part, the owner or operator shall keep the records including the information specified in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) through (iv) of this section.
- (i) Dates and time intervals of all visible emissions observation periods;
- (ii) Name and affiliation for each visible emission observer participating in the performance test;
- (iii) Copies of all visible emission observer opacity field data sheets; and
- (iv) Documentation of any adjustments made and the time the adjustments were completed to the affected facility operation by the owner or operator to demonstrate compliance with the applicable monitoring requirements.
- (3) For each digital opacity compliance system, the owner or operator shall maintain records and submit reports according to the requirements specified in the site-specific monitoring plan approved by the Administrator
- (d) The owner or operator of each affected facility subject to the SO2 emission limits, fuel oil sulfur limits, or percent reduction requirements under § 60.42c shall submit reports to the Administrator.
- (e) The owner or operator of each affected facility subject to the SO2 emission limits, fuel oil sulfur limits, or percent reduction requirements under § 60.42c shall keep records and submit reports as required under paragraph (d) of this section, including the following information, as applicable.



- (1) Calendar dates covered in the reporting period.
- (2) (10) [NA FUEL SUPPLIER CERTIFICATION USED]
- (11) If fuel supplier certification is used to demonstrate compliance, records of fuel supplier certification as described under paragraph (f)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, as applicable. In addition to records of fuel supplier certifications, the report shall include a certified statement signed by the owner or operator of the affected facility that the records of fuel supplier certifications submitted represent all of the fuel combusted during the reporting period.
- (f) Fuel supplier certification shall include the following information:
- (1) For distillate oil:
- (i) The name of the oil supplier;
- (ii) A statement from the oil supplier that the oil complies with the specifications under the definition of distillate oil in § 60.41c; and
- (iii) The sulfur content or maximum sulfur content of the oil.
- (2) [NA UNIT(S) NOT RESIDUAL OIL FIRED]
- (3) [NA UNIT(S) NOT COAL FIRED]
- (4) For other fuels:
- (i) The name of the supplier of the fuel;
- (ii) The potential sulfur emissions rate or maximum potential sulfur emissions rate of the fuel in ng/J heat input; and
- (iii) The method used to determine the potential sulfur emissions rate of the fuel.
- (g)(1) Except as provided under paragraphs (g)(2) and (g)(3) of this section, the owner or operator of each affected facility shall record and maintain records of the amount of each fuel combusted during each operating day.
- (2) As an alternative to meeting the requirements of paragraph (g)(1) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts only natural gas, wood, fuels using fuel certification in § 60.48c(f) to demonstrate compliance with the SO2 standard, fuels not subject to an emissions standard (excluding opacity), or a mixture of these fuels may elect to record and maintain records of the amount of each fuel COMBUSTED during each calendar month.
- (3) As an alternative to meeting the requirements of paragraph (g)(1) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility or multiple affected facilities located on a contiguous property unit where the only fuels combusted in any steam generating unit (including steam generating units not subject to this subpart) at that property are natural gas, wood, distillate oil meeting the most current requirements in § 60.42C to use fuel certification to demonstrate compliance with the SO2 standard, and/or fuels, excluding coal and residual oil, not subject to an emissions standard (excluding opacity) may elect to record and maintain records of the total amount of each steam generating unit fuel DELIVERED to that property during each calendar month.
- (h) [NA UNIT(S) NO ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR]
- (j) The reporting period for the reports required under this subpart is each six-month period. All reports shall be submitted to the Administrator and shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of the reporting period. [SIX MONTHS PERIODS SHALL BE DEFINED AS CALENDAR HALVES]

[72 FR 32759, June 13, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 5091, Jan. 28, 2009]

Regulatory Changes

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Individual sources within this source group that are subject to 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Dc shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Subpart. 40 CFR 60.8 requires submission of copies of all requests, reports and other communications to both the Department and the EPA. The EPA copies shall be forwarded to:

Director Air Protection Division (3AP00) U.S. EPA Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

Unless otherwise approved by DEP, the DEP copies shall be reported through the Department's Greenport PUP system available through:

https://greenport.pa.gov/ePermitPublicAccess/PublicSubmission/Home

In the event that the Federal Subpart that is the subject of this Source Group is revised, the permittee shall comply with the revised version of the subpart, and shall not be required to comply with any provisions in this permit designated as having the subpart as their authority, to the extent that such permit provisions would be inconsistent with the applicable provisions of the revised subpart.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).







Group Name: 06

Group Description: NSPS IIII Sources included in this group

ID	Name
101	EMERGENCY FIRE PUMP

### RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

[40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4200] Subpart IIII - Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines Am I subject to this subpart?

- § 60.4200 Am I subject to this subpart?
- (a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to manufacturers, owners, and operators of stationary compression ignition (CI) internal combustion engines (ICE) and other persons as specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section. For the purposes of this subpart, the date that construction commences is the date the engine is ordered by the owner or operator.
- (1) [NA NOT AN ENGINE MANUFACTURER]
- (2) Owners and operators of stationary CI ICE that commence construction after July 11, 2005, where the stationary CI ICE are:
- (i) [NA-Fire Pump]
- (ii) Manufactured as a certified National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) fire pump engine after July 1, 2006.
- (3) [NA NOT MODIFIED OR RECONSTRUCTED]

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- (4) The provisions of § 60.4208 of this subpart are applicable to all owners and operators of stationary CI ICE that commence construction after July 11, 2005.
- (b) [NA TEST CELL NOT INVOLVED]
- (c) If you are an owner or operator of an area source subject to this subpart, you are exempt from the obligation to obtain a permit under 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71, provided you are not required to obtain a permit under 40 CFR 70.3(a) or 40 CFR 71.3(a) for a reason other than your status as an area source under this subpart. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, you must continue to comply with the provisions of this subpart applicable to area sources.
- (d) Stationary CI ICE may be eligible for exemption from the requirements of this subpart as described in 40 CFR part 1068, subpart C, except that owners and operators, as well as manufacturers, may be eligible to request an exemption for national security.
- (e) [NA NOT TEMPORARY REPLACEMENT UNIT(S)]

[71 FR 39172, July 11, 2006, as amended at 76 FR 37967, June 28, 2011; 86 FR 34357, June 29, 2021]

Emission Standards for Owners and Operators

§ 60.4204 What emission standards must I meet for non-emergency engines if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine?

[NA – UNIT(S) ARE EMERGENCY]

- § 60.4205 What emission standards must I meet for emergency engines if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine?
- (a) [NA ENGINES 2007 MODEL YEAR OR LATER]
- (b) [NA-Fire Pump]
- (c) Owners and operators of fire pump engines with a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder must comply with the emission standards in table 4 to this subpart, for all pollutants.

**Table 4 REQUIREMENTS** 

NMHC + NOX: 4.0 g/kW-hr CO: 5.0 g/kW-hr PM: 0.30 g/kW-hr

[EPA CERTIFICATION PROVIDED DEMONSTRATING CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR PART 60]

**END OF TABLE 4 REQUIREMENTS** 

- (d) [NA UNIT(S) < 30 L/CYL]
- (e) [NA DOES NOT CONDUCT PERFORMANCE TESTS IN USE]
- (f) [NA NOT MODIFIED/RECONSRUCTED]

[71 FR 39172, July 11, 2006, as amended at 76 FR 37969, June 28, 2011; 86 FR 34358, June 29, 2021]

§ 60.4206 How long must I meet the emission standards if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine?



Owners and operators of stationary CI ICE must operate and maintain stationary CI ICE that achieve the emission standards as required in §§ 60.4204 and 60.4205 over the entire life of the engine.

[76 FR 37969, June 28, 2011]

Fuel Requirements for Owners and Operators

§ 60.4207 What fuel requirements must I meet if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine subject to this subpart?

- (a) [Reserved]
- (b) Beginning October 1, 2010, owners and operators of stationary CI ICE subject to this subpart with a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder that use diesel fuel must use diesel fuel that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 1090.305 for nonroad diesel fuel, except that any existing diesel fuel purchased (or otherwise obtained) prior to October 1, 2010, may be used until depleted.
- (c) [Reserved]
- (d) [NA UNIT(S) < 30 L/CYL]
- (e) [NA NO NATIONAL SECURITY EXEMPTION]

[71 FR 39172, July 11, 2006, as amended at 76 FR 37969, June 28, 2011; 78 FR 6695, Jan. 30, 2013; 85 FR 78463, Dec. 4, 2020]

Other Requirements for Owners and Operators

§ 60.4208 What is the deadline for importing or installing stationary CI ICE produced in previous model years?

[NA-UNIT(S) ARE INSTALLED]

[71 FR 39172, July 11, 2006, as amended at 76 FR 37969, June 28, 2011]

§ 60.4209 What are the monitoring requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine?

If you are an owner or operator, you must meet the monitoring requirements of this section. In addition, you must also meet the monitoring requirements specified in § 60.4211.

- (a) If you are an owner or operator of an emergency stationary CI internal combustion engine that does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, you must install a non-resettable hour meter prior to startup of the engine.
- (b) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO 60.4204]

[71 FR 39172, July 11, 2006, as amended at 76 FR 37969, June 28, 2011]

Compliance Requirements

- § 60.4211 What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine?
- (a) If you are an owner or operator and must comply with the emission standards specified in this subpart, you must do all of the following, except as permitted under paragraph (g) of this section:
- (1) Operate and maintain the stationary CI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions;





- (2) Change only those emission-related settings that are permitted by the manufacturer; and
- (3) Meet the requirements of 40 CFR part 1068, as they apply to you.
- (b) [UNIT(S) POST-2006]
- (c) If you are an owner or operator of a 2007 model year and later stationary CI internal combustion engine and must comply with the emission standards specified in §60.4204(b) or §60.4205(b), or if you are an owner or operator of a CI fire pump engine that is manufactured during or after the model year that applies to your fire pump engine power rating in table 3 to this subpart and must comply with the emission standards specified in §60.4205(c), you must comply by purchasing an engine certified to the emission standards in §60.4204(b), or §60.4205(b) or (c), as applicable, for the same model year and maximum (or in the case of fire pumps, NFPA nameplate) engine power. The engine must be installed and configured according to the manufacturer's emission-related specifications, except as permitted in paragraph (g) of this section.[FACILITY HAS PROVIDED EPA CERTIFICATIONS FOR ENGINES]
- (d) [NA UNITS NOT SUBJECT TO § 60.4204(c) or § 60.4205(d)]
- (e) [NA NOT MODIFIED/RECONSRUCTED]
- (f) If you own or operate an emergency stationary ICE, you must operate the emergency stationary ICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (f)(1) through (3) of this section. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary ICE under this subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (f)(1) through (3), is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (f)(1) through (3), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines
- (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
- (2) You may operate your emergency stationary ICE for the purpose specified in paragraph (f)(2)(i) of this section for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraph (f)(3) of this section counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph (f)(2).
- (i) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- (ii)-(iii) [Reserved]
- (3) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing provided in paragraph (f)(2) of this section. Except as provided in paragraph (f)(3)(i) of this section, the 50 hours per calendar year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
- (i) [NA-FIRE PUMP]
- (ii) [Reserved]
- (g) If you do not install, configure, operate, and maintain your engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, or you change emission-related settings in a way that is not permitted by the manufacturer, you must demonstrate compliance as follows:
- (1) [NA UNIT(S) > 100 HP]





- (2) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP, you must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. In addition, you must conduct an initial performance test to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards within 1 year of startup, or within 1 year after an engine and control device is no longer installed, configured, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, or within 1 year after you change emission-related settings in a way that is not permitted by the manufacturer.
- (3) [NA-UNIT(S)<500 HP]
- (h) The requirements for operators and prohibited acts specified in 40 CFR 1039.665 apply to owners or operators of stationary CI ICE equipped with AECDs for qualified emergency situations as allowed by 40 CFR 1039.665.

 $[71 \ FR \ 39172, July 11, 2006, as amended at 76 \ FR \ 37970, June 28, 2011; 78 \ FR \ 6695, Jan. 30, 2013; 81 \ FR \ 44219, July 7, 2016; 86 \ FR \ 34359, June 29, 2021; 87 \ FR \ 48605, Aug. 10, 2022]$ 

Testing Requirements for Owners and Operators

§ 60.4212 What test methods and other procedures must I use if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine with a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder?

[NA - TESTING NOT REQUIRED FOR CERTIFIED UNITS WHICH ARE NOT ALTERED PER 60.4211(g)]

[71 FR 39172, July 11, 2006, as amended at 76 FR 37971, June 28, 2011; 86 FR 34359, June 29, 2021]

§ 60.4213 What test methods and other procedures must I use if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine with a displacement of greater than or equal to 30 liters per cylinder?

[NA - DISPLACEMENT <30 L/CYL]

[71 FR 39172, July 11, 2006, as amended at 76 FR 37971, June 28, 2011]

Notification, Reports, and Records for Owners and Operators

§ 60.4214 What are my notification, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine?

- (a) [NA UNIT(S) ARE EMERGENCY]
- (b) If the stationary CI internal combustion engine is an emergency stationary internal combustion engine, the owner or operator is not required to submit an initial notification. Starting with the model years in table 5 to this subpart, if the emergency engine does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines in the applicable model year, the owner or operator must keep records of the operation of the engine in emergency and non-emergency service that are recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The owner must record the time of operation of the engine and the reason the engine was in operation during that time.
- (c) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO 60.4204]
- (d) If you own or operate an emergency stationary CI ICE with a maximum engine power more than 100 HP that operates for the purpose specified in § 60.4211(f)(3)(i), you must submit an annual report according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section.

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- (1) The report must contain the following information:
- (i) Company name and address where the engine is located.
- (ii) Date of the report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.

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- (iii) Engine site rating and model year.
- (iv) Latitude and longitude of the engine in decimal degrees reported to the fifth decimal place.
- (v)-(vi) [Reserved]
- (vii) Hours spent for operation for the purposes specified in  $\S60.4211(f)(3)(i)$ , including the date, start time, and end time for engine operation for the purposes specified in  $\S60.4211(f)(3)(i)$ . The report must also identify the entity that dispatched the engine and the situation that necessitated the dispatch of the engine.
- (2) The first annual report must cover the calendar year 2015 and must be submitted no later than March 31, 2016. Subsequent annual reports for each calendar year must be submitted no later than March 31 of the following calendar year.
- (3) The annual report must be submitted electronically using the subpart specific reporting form in the Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI) that is accessed through EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX) (https://cdx.epa.gov/). However, if the reporting form specific to this subpart is not available in CEDRI at the time that the report is due, the written report must be submitted to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in § 60.4. Beginning on February 26, 2025, submit annual report electronically according to paragraph (g) of this section.
- (e) Owners or operators of stationary CI ICE equipped with AECDs pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR 1039.665 must report the use of AECDs as required by 40 CFR 1039.665(e).
- (f) [NA-PERFORMANCE TESTS NOT REQUIRED ]
- (g) If you are required to submit notifications or reports following the procedure specified in this paragraph (g), you must submit notifications or reports to the EPA via the Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI), which can be accessed through the EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX) (https://cdx.epa.gov/). The EPA will make all the information submitted through CEDRI available to the public without further notice to you. Do not use CEDRI to submit information you claim as CBI. Although we do not expect persons to assert a claim of CBI, if you wish to assert a CBI claim for some of the information in the report or notification, you must submit a complete file in the format specified in this subpart, including information claimed to be CBI, to the EPA following the procedures in paragraphs (g)(1) and (2) of this section. Clearly mark the part or all of the information that you claim to be CBI. Information not marked as CBI may be authorized for public release without prior notice. Information marked as CBI will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. All CBI claims must be asserted at the time of submission. Anything submitted using CEDRI cannot later be claimed CBI. Furthermore, under CAA section 114(c), emissions data is not entitled to confidential treatment, and the EPA is required to make emissions data available to the public. Thus, emissions data will not be protected as CBI and will be made publicly available. You must submit the same file submitted to the CBI office with the CBI omitted to the EPA via the EPA's CDX as described earlier in this paragraph (g).
- (1) The preferred method to receive CBI is for it to be transmitted electronically using email attachments, File Transfer Protocol, or other online file sharing services. Electronic submissions must be transmitted directly to the OAQPS CBI Office at the email address oaqpscbi@epa.gov, and as described in paragraph (g) of this section, should include clear CBI markings. ERT files should be flagged to the attention of the Group Leader, Measurement Policy Group; all other files should be flagged to the attention of the Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engine Sector Lead. If assistance is needed with submitting large electronic files that exceed the file size limit for email attachments, and if you do not have your own file sharing service, please email oaqpscbi@epa.gov to request a file transfer link.
- (2) If you cannot transmit the file electronically, you may send CBI information through the postal service to the following address: OAQPS Document Control Officer (C404-02), OAQPS, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 109 T.W. Alexander Drive, P.O. Box 12055, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711. ERT files should be sent to the attention of the Group Leader, Measurement Policy Group, and all other files should be sent to the attention of the Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engine Sector Lead. The mailed CBI material should be double wrapped and clearly marked. Any CBI markings should not show through the outer envelope.
- (h) If you are required to electronically submit a report through CEDRI in the EPA's CDX, you may assert a claim of EPA system outage for failure to timely comply with that reporting requirement. To assert a claim of EPA system outage, you must meet the requirements outlined in paragraphs (h)(1) through (7) of this section.

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- (1) You must have been or will be precluded from accessing CEDRI and submitting a required report within the time prescribed due to an outage of either the EPA's CEDRI or CDX systems.
- (2) The outage must have occurred within the period of time beginning five business days prior to the date that the submission is due.
- (3) The outage may be planned or unplanned.
- (4) You must submit notification to the Administrator in writing as soon as possible following the date you first knew, or through due diligence should have known, that the event may cause or has caused a delay in reporting.
- (5) You must provide to the Administrator a written description identifying:
- (i) The date(s) and time(s) when CDX or CEDRI was accessed and the system was unavailable;
- (ii) A rationale for attributing the delay in reporting beyond the regulatory deadline to EPA system outage;
- (iii) A description of measures taken or to be taken to minimize the delay in reporting; and
- (iv) The date by which you propose to report, or if you have already met the reporting requirement at the time of the notification, the date you reported.
- (6) The decision to accept the claim of EPA system outage and allow an extension to the reporting deadline is solely within the discretion of the Administrator.
- (7) In any circumstance, the report must be submitted electronically as soon as possible after the outage is resolved.
- (i) If you are required to electronically submit a report through CEDRI in the EPA's CDX, you may assert a claim of force majeure for failure to timely comply with that reporting requirement. To assert a claim of force majeure, you must meet the requirements outlined in paragraphs (i)(1) through (5) of this section.
- (1) You may submit a claim if a force majeure event is about to occur, occurs, or has occurred or there are lingering effects from such an event within the period of time beginning five business days prior to the date the submission is due. For the purposes of this section, a force majeure event is defined as an event that will be or has been caused by circumstances beyond the control of the affected facility, its contractors, or any entity controlled by the affected facility that prevents you from complying with the requirement to submit a report electronically within the time period prescribed. Examples of such events are acts of nature (e.g., hurricanes, earthquakes, or floods), acts of war or terrorism, or equipment failure or safety hazard beyond the control of the affected facility (e.g., large scale power outage).
- (2) You must submit notification to the Administrator in writing as soon as possible following the date you first knew, or through due diligence should have known, that the event may cause or has caused a delay in reporting.
- (3) You must provide to the Administrator:
- (i) A written description of the force majeure event;
- (ii) A rationale for attributing the delay in reporting beyond the regulatory deadline to the force majeure event;
- (iii) A description of measures taken or to be taken to minimize the delay in reporting; and
- (iv) The date by which you propose to report, or if you have already met the reporting requirement at the time of the notification, the date you reported.
- (4) The decision to accept the claim of force majeure and allow an extension to the reporting deadline is solely within the discretion of the Administrator.
- (5) In any circumstance, the reporting must occur as soon as possible after the force majeure event occurs.







(j) Any records required to be maintained by this subpart that are submitted electronically via the EPA's CEDRI may be maintained in electronic format. This ability to maintain electronic copies does not affect the requirement for facilities to make records, data, and reports available upon request to a delegated air agency or the EPA as part of an on-site compliance evaluation.

[71 FR 39172, July 11, 2006, as amended at 78 FR 6696, Jan. 30, 2013; 81 FR 44219, July 7, 2016; 87 FR 48606, Aug. 10, 2022; 89 FR 70512, Aug. 30, 2024]

General Provisions

§ 60.4218 What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

- (a) Table 8 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in §§ 60.1 through 60.19 apply to you.
- (b) The provisions of 40 CFR 1068.10 and 1068.11 apply for engine manufacturers. For others, the general confidential business information (CBI) provisions apply as described in 40 CFR part 2.

[88 FR 4471, Jan. 24, 2023]

Regulatory Changes

Individual sources within this source group that are subject to 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Subpart. 40 CFR 60.4 requires submission of copies of all requests, reports and other communications to both the Department and the EPA. The EPA copies shall be forwarded to:

**US EPA** 

Region III, Air and Radiation Division Permits Branch (3AD10) Four Penn Center 1600 John F. Kennedy Boulevard Philadelphia, PA 19103-2852

Unless otherwise approved by DEP, the DEP copies shall be reported through the Department's Greenport PUP system available through:

https://greenport.pa.gov/ePermitPublicAccess/PublicSubmission/Home

In the event that the Federal Subpart that is the subject of this Source Group is revised, the permittee shall comply with the revised version of the subpart, and shall not be required to comply with any provisions in this permit designated as having the subpart as their authority, to the extent that such permit provisions would be inconsistent with the applicable provisions of the revised subpart.



# **SECTION F.** Alternative Operation Requirements.

No Alternative Operations exist for this State Only facility.

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# **SECTION G.** Emission Restriction Summary.

No emission restrictions listed in this section of the permit.

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### SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

#001. The following equipment and activities are not subject to any other specific work practices, testing, monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirements:

- \* Baghouses for controlling dust from pneumatic transportation of rice hulls
- \* Baghouses for controlling dust from pneumatic transportation of granulated sugar
- \* Cold Cleaning Stations (Degreasers) using aqueous solution. (Previously Source 06)

#002. This permit incorporates the applicable requirements of GP1-01-05022A (Boiler 6), and supercedes that permit.

DEP Auth ID: 1497941

DEP PF ID:





\*\*\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*\*\*